

$u = \frac{x}{y}$ とおいて、合成関数の微分法を使うと、

[108 ページ 例題 6.1 \(2\) の解答を参考](#)

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = f'(u)u_x = f'\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) \frac{1}{y} \\ \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = f'(u)u_y = f'\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) \left(-\frac{x}{y^2}\right) \end{array} \right.$$

ゆえに、

$$\begin{aligned}x \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} &= xf' \left(\frac{x}{y} \right) \frac{1}{y} + yf' \left(\frac{x}{y} \right) \left(-\frac{x}{y^2} \right) \\&= \frac{x}{y} f' \left(\frac{x}{y} \right) - \frac{x}{y} f' \left(\frac{x}{y} \right) \\&= 0\end{aligned}$$