

$$\frac{x - \mu}{\sqrt{2}\sigma} = t \text{ とおく と}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f(x) dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (\sqrt{2}\sigma t + \mu) \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} e^{-t^2} \cdot \sqrt{2}\sigma dt$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (\sqrt{2}\sigma t + \mu) e^{-t^2} dt \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left(\sqrt{2}\sigma \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} t e^{-t^2} dt + \mu \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-t^2} dt \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left(0 + 2\mu \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t^2} dt \right) = \frac{2\mu}{\sqrt{\pi}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} = \mu \end{aligned}$$